JACKSON, Miss. – With the hopes for national health-care reform turning on the increased use of primary-care physicians, it’s good to know that this medical school is among the best in the country at producing rural physicians.

A study reported in the April 2010 issue of Academic Medicine lists the Mississippi school as the second-highest MD-granting school in the country in the percentage of its graduates in primary care in rural areas. An osteopathic medical school, of which there are 26 in this country, ranked first with 41 percent of its graduates in rural medicine.

The University of Minnesota-Duluth, which was established to provide physicians for rural Minnesota and native-American populations, ranked second with 36 percent of its graduates practicing in rural areas.

The data used in the paper looked at medical school graduates from 1988 through 1997 who were practicing in rural areas in 2005. According to the report, 32 percent of UMMC graduates during that period were practicing in rural areas of the state.

The study used the rural-urban commuting area (RUCA) codes to determine rural status. Instead of basing the urban-rural designation solely on population, the new codes use census-tract demographics and data about work-commuting patterns to determine how an area is defined.

For instance, the most rural designation (isolated rural) would be a community with a population of less than 2,500 where there is virtually no work commuting to urban areas.

That information from the Academic Medicine report correlates – given the difference in the time periods – to that provided to medical schools from the Association of American Medical Colleges (AAMC). It allows medical schools to see how they stand in relation to other medical schools in complying with one of several AAMC benchmarks.

UMMC ranked in the 90th percentile of medical schools in the percentage of its graduates (25.7) in rural practice. The AAMC looked at medical school graduates from five classes, 1995 through 1999.

Dr. Steven T. Case, UMMC associate medical school dean for admissions, says he has "absolutely" no idea how to predict which of the applicants for medical school will end up in a rural practice in Mississippi.

"What we do know from all national data is that the students most likely to practice in a rural area are the kids who grew up in rural areas, and in the last 10 years about 28 percent of our entering students are from rural counties."

No doubt, state demographics and the fact that the school doesn’t accept out-of-state students play a role in the practice decisions of the school’s graduates. Nonetheless, the school has traditionally placed great emphasis on primary care.

The Mississippi Rural Physicians Scholarship Program offers $30,000 scholarships to students who commit to practice primary care in a rural area. Preceptor programs in the Departments of Medicine and Family Medicine keep students focused on the need for their future services in underserved areas of the state.
In fact, Case thinks “we may be bucking a national trend” in the declining number of students going into family medicine and primary care. Among this school’s 2010 graduates, 53 percent (33 percent without the students who chose general internal medicine) have chosen a primary care residency – family medicine, ob-gyn and pediatrics. And primary care is the postgraduate medical education path that takes most medical school graduates to rural areas.

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Please forward this message to colleagues who might be interested. If you wish to be removed from this list or know of a colleague to add, send an e-mail message to: LAGriffin@umc.edu.

The University of Mississippi Medical Center, located in Jackson, is the state’s only academic medical center. University of Mississippi Health Care represents the clinical programs of the Medical Center and includes University Hospitals and Health System and University Physicians, the faculty group practice. UMMC encompasses five health science schools, including medicine, nursing, health related professions, dentistry and graduate studies, as well as the site where University of Mississippi pharmacy students do their clinical training. The Medical Center’s threefold mission is to educate tomorrow’s health-care professionals, conduct innovative research to improve human health, and to provide the highest quality care available to the state’s citizens. A major goal of the Medical Center is the improvement of the health of Mississippians and the elimination of health disparities. For more information, contact the Division of Public Affairs at 601-984-1100 or visit us on the Web at http://info.umc.edu/.